

Testing and Commissioning Reports

Automatic Condenser Tube Cleaning System for Chiller No. CH-A1-G-01

System : Ball Technic BMS-10SW
System Number : 1
Location : G/F., A/C Plant Room, Cathay Pacific City

Chiller Model : Carrier 19XRT6362
Chiller No. : CH-A1-G-01

Date of Measurement : 9 January 2004

Compressor Operating Voltage : 385 V.
Compressor Operating Current : 440 Amp.
Loading Amp % : 78%
Rated Capacity : 298KVA
Power Factor : 0.9

Chilled Water Flow Rate : 0.0774 m³/s

Oil Pressure : 156.5 KPa
Oil Temperature : 49 °C
Saturated Evap. Refrigerant Temperature : 6.3 °C
Saturated Cond. Refrigerant Temperature : 25.6 °C

Condenser Water Entering Temperature : 19.7 °C
Condenser Water Leaving Temperature : 23.7 °C
Condenser Differential Pressure : 134 KPa
Condenser Water Flow Rate : 0.1637 m³/s

Chilled Water Entering Temperature : 12.5 °C
Chilled Water Leaving Temperature : 7.1 °C

Number of Balls added into the system : 90
Operation of Injection Valve : Normal
Operation of Drain Valve : Normal
Number of Balls return to the injector : Normal

Flow Rate measured by Tokimec Inc. Ultrasonic Flowmeter UFP-10



Results and Conclusion

(a) Data taken before tube cleaning and ATC installation on 15 July 2003

Chiller Loading 104%
Cooling Capacity $Q = m \times 4.19 \text{ KJ/Kg}^\circ\text{C} \times (T_{\text{out}} - T_{\text{in}})$
 $= 0.0774 \text{ m}^3/\text{s} \times 4190 \text{ J/Kg}^\circ\text{C} \times (13.8^\circ\text{C} - 8^\circ\text{C})$
 $= 1881 \text{ kW}$ or 535 ton
Active Power $P = \sqrt{3} \times U_L \times I_b \times \cos \theta$
 $= \sqrt{3} \times 376 \times 611 \times 0.9$
 $= 358 \text{ kW}$
Chiller efficiency = measured as 0.67 kW/ton

(b) Data taken after tube cleaning and ATC installed on 24 February 2004

Chiller Loading 102%
Cooling Capacity $Q = m \times 4.19 \text{ KJ/Kg}^\circ\text{C} \times (T_{\text{out}} - T_{\text{in}})$
 $= 0.0774 \text{ m}^3/\text{s} \times 4190 \text{ J/Kg}^\circ\text{C} \times (14.4^\circ\text{C} - 8^\circ\text{C})$
 $= 2076 \text{ kW}$ or 590 ton
Active Power $P = \sqrt{3} \times U_L \times I_b \times \cos \theta$
 $= \sqrt{3} \times 389 \times 576 \times 0.9$
 $= 350 \text{ kW}$
Chiller efficiency = measured as 0.59 kW/ton

Data taken after the Ball Technic installation between 26 Feb. 04 to 18 Mar. 04

Date : 26 Feb 2004: Ch water in : 13.2C Ch water out : 7C Q=572 TR
391V, 565A, 344KW, P.F. 0.9, loading 100%, 0.6KW/TR

Date : 1 Mar 2004: Ch water in : 13.8C Ch water out : 7.8C Q=553 TR
391V, 588A, 356KW, P.F.0.9 loading 104%, 0.64KW/TR

Date : 10 Mar 2004: Ch water in : 13.8C Ch water out : 7.2C Q=609 TR
389V, 561A, 358KW, P.F.0.9, loading 101%, 0.55KW/TR

Date : 16 Mar 2004: Ch water in : 14C Ch water out : 7.8C Q=572 TR
376V, 605A, 351KW, P.F.0.89, loading 103%, 0.61KW/TR

Date : 18 Mar 2004: Ch water in : 14.2C Ch water out : 8.2C Q=553 TR
376V, 608A, 356KW, P.F.0.899, loading 103%, 0.64KW/TR

Use the average KW/TR from the above readings with loading ranging from 100% to 104% { (0.59 + 0.6 + 0.64 + 0.55 + 0.61 + 0.64) / 6 } = 0.605 to calculate the saving,
(0.67 - 0.605) / 0.67 = 9.7%.

With the Ball Technic System installed on Chiller 1, the chiller now consumes 9.7% less electrical energy.